Financial Statements

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of Bharat Aluminium Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bharat Aluminium Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profit including other comprehensive loss, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)
 (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
of the financial statements, including the disclosures,
and whether the financial statements represent the
underlying transactions and events in a manner that
achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph i(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

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- The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph i(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (h) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2024 has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 27 & 40 to the financial statements;
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 49 to the Ind AS financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief. as disclosed in the Note 49 to the Ind AS financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Party"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature is not enabled for direct changes to data in certain tables when using system administrator access rights, as described in Note 50 to the financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of accounting software(s).

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP **Chartered Accountants**

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Bhaswar Sarkar

Partner

Membership Number: 055596 UDIN: 24055596BKFNZY7459 Place of Signature: Kolkata

Date: April 19, 2024

Annexure 1 our report of even date

 $referred\ to\ in\ paragraph\ 1\ of\ the\ section\ on\ "Report\ on\ other\ legal\ and\ regulatory\ requirements"\ of\ constant and\ regulatory\ requirements$

To the Members of Bharat Aluminium Company Limited

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangibles assets.
 - (b) All property, plant and equipment were physically verified by the management during the year in accordance with a planned programme of verifying them once in three years which, in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements have been duly executed in favour of the Company) disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements are held in the name of the Company except for 1 immovable property mentioned below for which title deed has not been made available to us. Consequently, we are unable to comment on the same.

Description of Property	Gross carrying value- as at March 31, 2024 (₹ in Crores)	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held – indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in the name of Company, Also indicate if in dispute
Freehold	3.60	National	No	Since 20 th	206.18 acres of freeholds land transferred to
Land		Thermal		June 2002, as	the Company by NTPC is yet to be registered
		Power		informed by	in favour of the Company. We have been
		Corporation		management	informed by management that this is due to
		Ltd (NTPC)			non-availability of title deeds with NTPC. In
					this matter, arbitration was held where the
					Ld. Arbitrator passed the award in favour
					of the Company but directed that transfer
					of title deeds of land will be effected by the
					Central Government with the assistance of
					State Government. The Company has filed a
					petition before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court
					for transfer of title.

- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- (e) According to the information and explanations provided to us, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year except for those lying
- with third parties. In our opinion, the frequency of verification by the management is reasonable and the coverage and procedure for such verification is appropriate. Inventories lying with third parties at the year end have been confirmed by those parties and no discrepancy in excess of 10% in aggregate between such confirmations and books and records maintained by the Company for each class of inventory has been identified.
- (b) As disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the Company had been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crores in aggregate by banks during the year against security of its current assets.

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Based on the records examined by us in the normal course of audit of the financial statements and as disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the quarterly returns/statements filed by the Company with such banks were in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company.

The Company did not have sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crores in aggregate from financial institutions during the year.

- (iii) (a) According to the information and explanations provided to us, during the year the Company has made investments in companies and granted loans to employees aggregating ₹ 73.32 Crores and ₹ 0.13 Crores respectively and aggregate balances outstanding as at March 31, 2024 were ₹ 148.32 Crores and ₹ 0.08 Crores respectively. The Company has not provided advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other party during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations provided to us by the Company, during the year the investments made by the company and term and conditions of loans given to employees are not prejudicial to the its interest. Also, during the year the Company has not provided any guarantees or security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other party.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has granted loans during the year to employees with stipulated schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest and such repayments and receipt of interest were regular.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, there are no amounts of loans granted to employees which are overdue for more than ninety days.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations provided to us, there were no loans granted to employees which had fallen due during the year and were renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans due from same parties.
 - According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not granted any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to employees. Therefore, the requirement to report on

clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- (iv) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the company has complied with the provisions of Sec 185 and 186 in respect of investments to which these provisions are applicable. There are no loans, guarantees and security in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable.
- The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- We have broadly reviewed the books of account (vi) maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, related to the manufacture of Company's products and generation of electricity and are of the opinion that, prima facie, specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the same.
- (vii) (a) Undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of custom, cess and other applicable statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities during the year though there has been slight delays in a few cases. During the year, the Company did not have any dues towards sales-tax, service tax, duty of excise and value added tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us no undisputed dues in respect of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, sales-tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

According to the information and explanation provided to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, dues of the goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, salestax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues that have not been deposited on account of any dispute are as set out in the attached Annexure 1(a) together with relevant details.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any income in tax assessments during the year under the Income Tax Act, 1961 arising from any transaction, previously not recorded in the books of account. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (ix) (a) According to information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
 - (b) According to information, explanations and representation provided to us, the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) According to information and explanations provided to us and based on the overall examination of the financial statements, term loans obtained by the Company were applied for the purpose for which these loans were obtained.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has used funds raised on short-term basis in the form of working capital, short term borrowings from banks and current liabilities aggregating ₹ 1,487.61 Crores for long term purposes towards acquisition of property plant and equipment.
 - (e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
 - The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Therefore, the requirement to report on Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (a) According to the information and explanations (x) provided to us, the Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer/ further public offer (including debt instruments). Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(x) (a) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.

- According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares/fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xi) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by cost auditor or secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT - 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - In our opinion, we have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year as made available to us by the management while determining the nature, timing and extent of audit procedures.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirements to report on clause 3(xii)(a) (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements for the year, as required by applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the internal audit reports pertaining to the year under audit that have been issued till the date of this audit report, have been considered by us while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

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- (xv) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. Therefore, requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xvi) In our and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) to (d) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly, requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 47 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of our audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities as at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the date of balance sheet. We, however, state

that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, there are no unspent amounts in respect of CSR projects other than those ongoing that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act (the Act), in accordance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, there are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing CSR projects, that are required to be transferred to a special account in accordance of provision of sub section 6 of section 135 of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP **Chartered Accountants**

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Bhaswar Sarkar

Partner

Membership Number: 055596 UDIN: 24055596BKFNZY7459 Place of Signature: Kolkata

Date: April 19, 2024

Annexure 1 (a) referred to in paragraph (vii)(b) of Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of the section on "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (₹ in Crores)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	Amount paid under protest (₹ in Crores)
The Mines and Minerals (Development and	Penalty on excess extraction from bauxite mines	45.00	2007-08 2008-09	The Collector Collectorate (Mining Division) Chhattisgarh	-
Regulation) Act	Demand for short payment of royalty on extraction of Bauxite	4.63	2001-02 to 2005-06	Chhattisgarh High Court	-
Chhattisgarh Upkar (Sanshodhan) Adhiniyam, 2004	Demand for Energy Development Cess	1,213.43	2004-05 to 2023-24	Supreme Court of India	34.54
Electricity Act, 2003	Demand for cross subsidy along with interest	248.79	June 2014 to March 2024	Appellate Tribunal for Electricity at New Delhi	-
Forest Conservation Act. 202/1995	Demand for penalty for using the forest land for non-forest purposes	156.00	Till Financial 2007	Supreme Court	-
Chhattisgarh Municipal Limits Rule, 1996	Demand for State Terminal Tax	16.00	2001-02 to 2006-07	Supreme court of India	-
Electricity Act, 2003	Demand for Electricity Duty along with interest Demand for Electricity	49.61	FY 1987-88 to Oct 22 Till FY 2015-	Chhattisgarh High Court	-
	Surcharge	2.00	16	State chief Electricity officer	_
Chhattisgarh Entry Tax Act, 1976	The demand was made against equipment which was purchased for setting up of the new industrial unit established by the Petitioner.	114.42	FY 2010-11 to FY 2014- 15	High Court Chhattisgarh	-
Chhattisgarh Entry Tax Act, 1976	The demand was made with respect to goods imported from territory outside India	15.26	April'15 to June'17	Supreme Court	-
Central Excise Act, 1956	Demand for excess CENVAT Credit claimed under Rule 6 of the CENVAT Credit Rules.	40.38	FY 2010- 11 to June 2017	Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Raipur	-
Chhattisgarh VAT Act, 2003	Demand raised for amount disallowed for additional Cenvat credit claimed on Capital goods	1.20	2014-15	Special Commissioner, Bilaspur	0.39
Chhattisgarh VAT Act, 2003	Excess grant of VAT ITR on inputs used for sale of power vis-à-vis on goods sent to branches outside	0.24	Till FY 2014- 15	Commercial Tax Tribunal, Raipur	-
Chhattisgarh VAT Act, 2003	Demand on account of non- submission of C-form	0.14	2017-18	Commercial Tax Officer	-
West Bengal VAT Act, 2005	Demand for incorrect furnishing of stock transfer figure in sales tax return	0.04	2006-07	Commercial tax tribunal, Kolkata	-

Financial Statements Know BALCO **Business Overview Statutory Reports**

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Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (₹ in Crores)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	Amount paid under protest (₹ in Crores)
West Bengal VAT Act, 2005	Demand under WBST Act and CST Act	0.01	2011-12	Deputy Appellate Commissioner	-
Chhattisgarh VAT Act, 2003	 Deny of CST on Quantity Discount, Denial of imposition of CST on apparent stock transfer without F form, Computation of reversal of 	0.31	2014-15	Commercial Tax Tribunal, Raipur	0.10
Chhattisgarh VAT Act, 2003	 ITC. Demand for the following: Adjustment of credit from previous year, Deny of CST on Quantity Discount, Deny of imposition of CST on apparent stock transfer without F form, Computation of reversal of ITC. 	3.88	2011-12	Commercial Tax Tribunal, Raipur	
The Finance Act, 1994	Demand for Non-Payment of Service Tax on right to use natural resources (Water) w.e.f. 01.04.2016 and contravention of provisions of finance act 1994	14.59	FY 2013-14	CESTAT, Principal Bench, New Delhi	0.55
The Finance Act, 1994	Demand for levy of Service Tax on Liquidated Damages collected from transporters	2.07	April 2012 to June 2017	CESTAT, Principal Bench, New Delhi	0.10
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	Demand for difference in GSTR1 and GSTR 3B	0.47	Month September 2018	Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Raipur	0.08
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	Demand for disallowance of benefit of exemption of integrated Tax & GST Compensation Cess	162.95	July'17 to Mar'20	Office of Commissioner of Customs, Mumbai	3.49
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	Demand for difference between ITC as per GSTR 3B and GSTR -2A	115.96	FY 2018- 19 and FY 2019-20	Joint Commissioner	10.07
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	Demand for disallowance of refund of GST Compensation Cess	0.96	Nov-18 to Feb-19, Aug-19	Joint Commissioner (Appeals), Bilaspur	0.14
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	Demand on account of Transitional credit availed on the basis of manual filed excise returns.	25.03	July'17 to Mar'18	Principal Commissioner, CGST, Raipur	2.28

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (₹ in Crores)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	Amount paid under protest (₹ in Crores)
Goods and Service	Availment of Input Tax credit on	35.08	July'17 to	DGGI BILASPUR	-
Tax, 2017 The Finance Act, 1994	imported goods Demand for Non-payment of GST under reverse charge Mechanism (RCM) on account of services of tolerating/ permitting the non-forest activity/use of forest land permitted by the ministry of Environment, forest and climate change (MoEFCC)-Reg.	1.03	Mar'22 April'16 to Dec'20	Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence, Bilaspur	0.04
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand for short payment of interest	0.10	FY 2002-03	High Court	-
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand for short payment of interest	0.10	2011-12	Jurisdictional AO	-
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand on account of Non- deduction of Withholding tax on foreign remittances	0.78	2014-15	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)	-
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand	0.06	2008-09 to 2018-19 and AY 2021-22	Commissioner (TDS), Raipur	-
Air and water Act of 1974 & 1984	Demand	0.61	2020-21 & 2021-22	Chhattisgarh High Court	-
Chhattisgarh Transit (forest produce) Rules, 2001	Demand	1.02	2008-12	Chhattisgarh High Court	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Penalty for Demand u/s 271(1)(C)	574.33	2015-16	CIT(A)	-
Income Tax Act, 1961	Order u/s 201 related to non- deduction of TDS u/s 195 for foreign payments	2.23	2020-21	CIT(A)	

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Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (₹ in Crores)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	Amount paid under protest (₹ in Crores)
Central Excise Act, 1944	Disallowance of CENVAT credit availed on insurance services	0.95	2011-12 to June-17	Principal Commissioner, CGST, Indore	0.04
Central Excise Act, 1944	Disallowance of CENVAT credit availed on Inter-unit transactions	36.25	2011-12 to June-17	Principal Commissioner, CGST, Indore	1.36
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	Demand on transitional credit available	7.05	2017-18	Principal Commissioner, CGST, Raipur	0.35
Goods and Service Tax, 2017	 The SCN is issued on the following grounds 1. Excess availed of GST ITC as reflecting in GSTR-2A 2. Short reversal of Rule 42 ITC reversal 	175.67	FY 17-18	Chhattisgarh High Court	-
The Finance Act, 1994	Demand order also alleges that BALCO has failed to obtain the Service Tax registration within stipulated time for providing the said Mining services as required under Finance Act, 1994 and BALCO has also failed to file the statutory returns in FORM ST-3 in respect of said services provided	20.29	2007-08 to 2011-12	CESTAT, Principal Bench, New Delhi	0.76
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand on account of mismatch between ITR and Tax Audit Report as per 143(1) Intimation	110.82	2021-22	CIT(A)	-

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of Bharat Aluminium Company Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Bharat Aluminium Company Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP **Chartered Accountants**

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Bhaswar Sarkar

Partner

Membership Number: 055596 UDIN: 24055596BKFNZY7459 Place of Signature: Kolkata Date: April 19, 2024